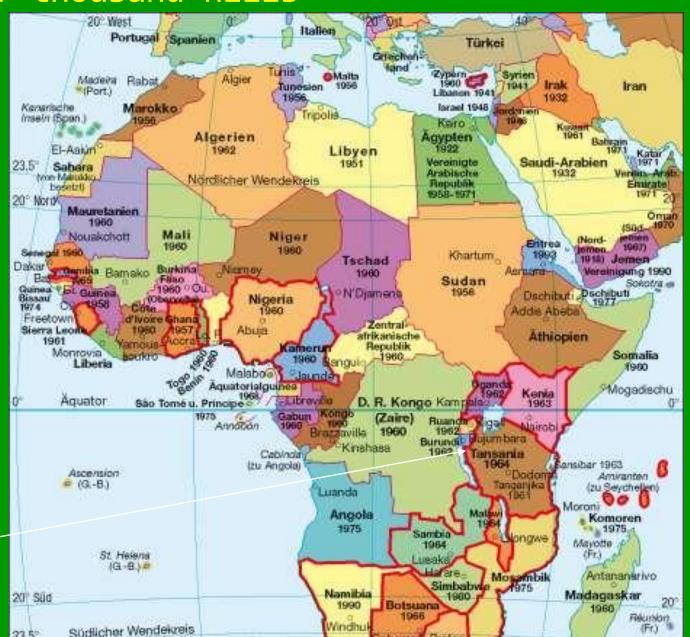
Rwanda: No future without the past Is reconciliation possible?



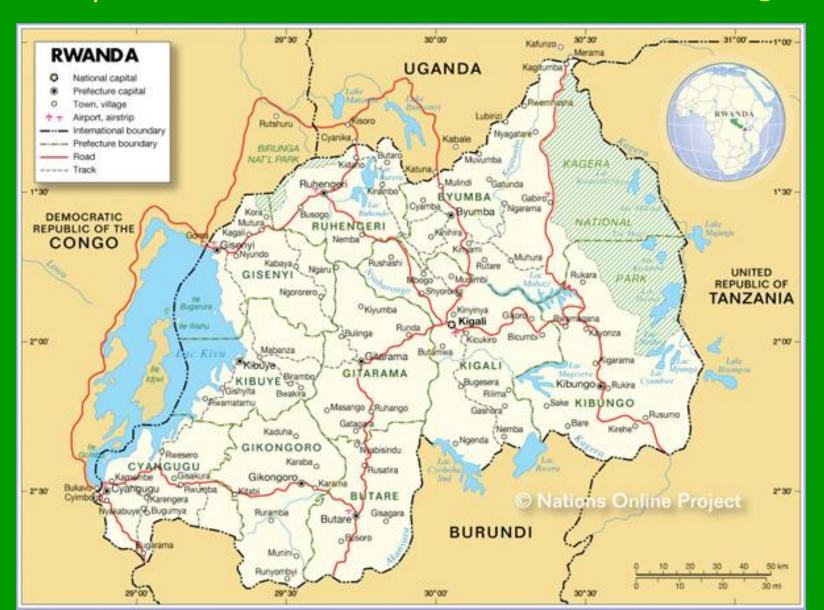
Octobre 27th, 2016 - Goethe University Frankfurt academic experience worldwide & Imbuto e.V.

Hildegard Schürings

Rwanda: in the heart of Africa - the land of thousand hills



Republika y'u Rwanda - Republic of Rwanda - République Rwandaise in the The Great Lakes Region



The war, genocide and crimes against humanity - the political contexte

- October 1st 1990: Invasion of the Rwandan Patriotic Front
 RPF (from Uganda) the war continued until 1994
- Burundi, October 21st 1991: Murdering of the first democratically elected and first Hutu President Melchior Ndadaye by Tutsi militaries
- Arusha 1993: Peace Agreement between the Rwandan government (multi-party) and the RPF (transitional multiparty government), supported by the "international community"
- February 1994: more than 1 million displaced persons in the North of Rwanda and 300.000 refugees from Burundi in the South

The war, genocide and crimes against humanity - genocide

- April 6, 1994: shooting down of the plane of the President Juvénal Habyarimana (and Cyprien Ntaryamira, President of Burundi, high military commander, the french equipage) arriving from Dar-Essalam (Peace meeting)
- 100 days: massive killings of Batutsi, less Bahutu and Batwa, mainly by militias Interahamwe (MRND)
- continuing of the war between the RPF (military leader: Paul Kagame) and the Rwandan Military Forces (FAR)
- July 19th, 1994: the 3rd Rwandan Republic, ca.
 800.000 murderd persons, mainly Batutsi, ca. 4 mio.
 refugees and displaced persons (Population: 7,5 mio.)

"After a genocide you think that flowers would never blossom again, the lake would never be so calm again, the crickets would never chirp again so happily. You think that beauty should no longer exist." "Ein Leben mehr" by Esther Mujawayo-Keiner, survivor.

A young girl – survivor – around her all members of her family were killed



The war, genocide and crimes against humanity - the aftermath of the genocide

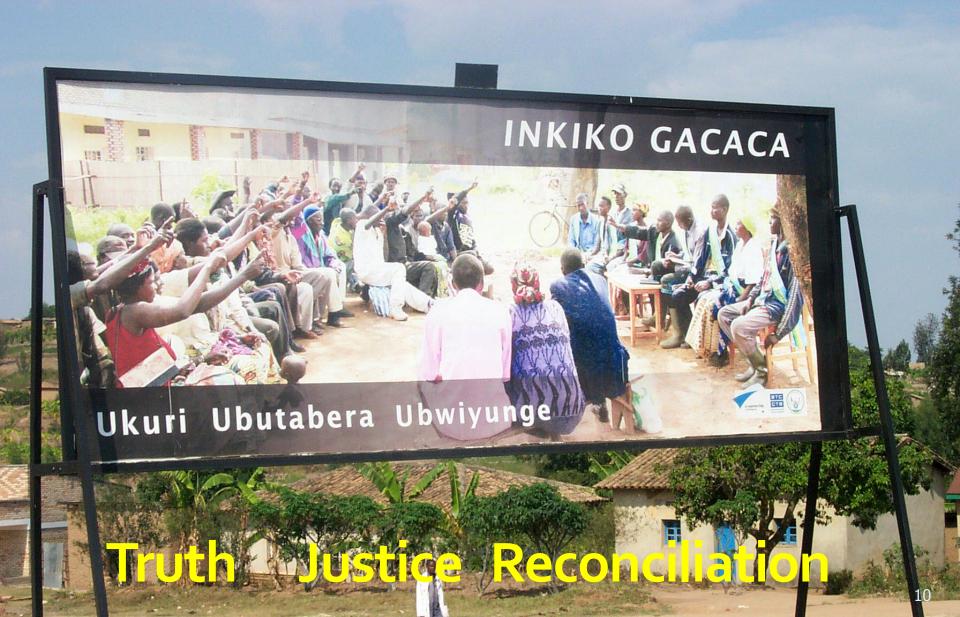
- October 1996: destruction of the refugee camps in Zaire (DRC)
- 1,5 mio returned, about 500.000 "disappeared" ... Tingi-Tingi -> The wars in Zaire, Congo 1996... Destitution of President Mobutu, plundering of the extractive industries (coltan, gold, diamonds ... UN_Mapping report 2010) with several mio. of deaths
- 1998: about 130.000 prisonners in Rwanda 2005: About 250.00 girls and women raped 101.000 child-headed households

The judicial response – Transitional justice

Judicial response was pursued on three levels:

- the International Criminal Tribunal for Rwanda ICTR-Arusha 11/1994-12/ 2015: 93 indicted, 85 accused (2 withdrawn), 14 acquitted, 2 died before, 5 transferred to Rwanda/ France
- the national court system: about 10.000 judgements
- the Gacaca courts 2001-2012 a so called traditional social conflict solving on the grass in and by the community through consensusbuilding, no Murdering

Gacaca 2005-2012: Truth Justice Reconciliation? Crimes committed in 1994



Positive

- Very rapid reconstruction of the country, urban development, security, administration ...
- Rwanda highly committed to see justice done
- a symbolic break with the cycle of impunity
- with gacaca processing a huge number of cases in a short time
- the participation of local communities
- the opportunity for some genocide survivors to learn what had happened to their relatives
- *Gacaca* helped some survivors find a way of living peacefully alongside perpetrators.

Challenges

- many gαcαcα hearings resulted in unfair trials
- limitations on the ability of the accused to effectively defend themselves
- numerous instances of intimidation and corruption of defence witnesses, judges and other parties
- flawed decision-making due to inadequate training for lay judges who were expected to handle complex cases

https://www.hrw.org/news/2014/03/28/rwanda-justice-after-genocide-20-years

June 2012 Gacaca 2005-2012: Cases 1,958,634

a) The total number of cases tried by Gacaca Courts are 1,958,634 including :

Category	Number of Cases	Convicted				Acquitted	Percentage	
		All	Percentage	Guilty plea	Percentage			
				and				
				Confession				
Cat 1	60,552	53,426	88.3 %	22,137	41,4 %	7,126	11.7 %	
Cat2	577,528	361, 590	62.6 %	108,821	30 %	215,938	37.4 %	
Cat 3	1,320,554	1,266,632	96 %	94,054	7.4%	54,002	4%	
Total	1,958,634	1,681,648	86%	225,012	13,3 %	277,066	14%	

Cases of Appeal

Acquitted Percentage

b) Cases tried by Gacaca Courts of Appeal

Category Number

At the level of appeal, Gacaca Courts tried 178,741 cases (see the following table) representing 9 % of the 1,958,634 cases tried by all Gacaca Courts.

Convicted

Category	Number	Convicted				Acquitteu	reiceillage
	of cases	All	Percentage	Guilty plea and Confession	Ijanisha		
Cat 1	19,177	16,688	87%	6,731	35 %	2,489	13 %
Cat2	134,394	93,607	70 %	26,019	19%	40,787	30 %
Cat 3	25,170	22, 607	90%	562	2,4 %	2,563	10 %
Total	178,741	132,902	74%	33,312	25,8 %	45,839	26 %

Truth Justice Reconciliation?

For the victims:

- For a lot of people: Truth, to know how the beloved were killed
- To recognise that that the genocide was executed
- Truth not about crimes of RPF (excluded from gacaca and ICTR, e.g. shooting down of the plane, see Carla del Ponte)
- False accusations
- Fear to tell the truth
- No justice to all victims of serious crimes
- Many victims have the feeling that they did not got justice - no material reparation for victims
- Corruption

Truth Justice Reconciliation?

- Political instrumentalisation of genocide in Rwanda and in relation to critics from outside
- Unclear laws on ethnic division ... and genocide denial
- Very short time after the crimes difficult to reconcile
- Stigmatisation of the Bahutu-population to be all perpetrators and all Batutsi are victims

•

Truth Justice Reconciliation?

- Was justice reached? The right to truth and justice!
- Reconciliation more on private level than on level of society
- Transgenerational transfer of trauma how young people live the situation? The collective memory ...
- No time for healing ... exhibition of the skeleton, testimonies

. .

The poor majority (Bahutu, Batutsi, Batwa) shares the same bad economic conditions and are obliged to live together

17

Shaping the future – No future without the past

Name the dead persons – and give hope back to those who are in life Den Toten ihre Namen – den Lebenden ihre Hoffnung wiedergeben

Alexie Gahongayire, 1994 murderd with her husband Déo Dogoli and her three children - Cyarwa - Huye



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Imbuto e.V. invites:

Mi, 02.11.2016 | 19 Uhr | Frankfurt/M. (Haus am Dom)
"Unter Nachbarn – Vom Leben mit den Mördern",
Film & Gespräche



mit Steffen Düvel, Susanne Steuber, Hildegard Schürings, im Rahmen der **entwicklungspolitischen FilmundDiskussionsreihe "fern : welt: nah"**, in Kooperation mit Entwicklungspolitisches Netzwerk Hessen (EPN), hessisches Eine Welt-PromotorInnen-Programm und Haus am Dom.



Questions:

- 1) Considering the actual situation of your community, what can I do for shaping the future?
- 2) Considering the actual situation of your community, what can I do for shaping the future of the young generation?